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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/650,894	08/28/2003	Jason Robert McGee	RSW920030102US1	8718	
36736 DUKE W. YEE	7590 08/20/200 E	8	EXAMINER		
YEE & ASSOC		BATES, KEVIN T			
P.O. BOX 802333 DALLAS, TX 75380			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2153		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			08/20/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/650,894	MCGEE ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		KEVIN BATES	2153	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
WHI(- Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	1. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 Jules</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1,2,4-12 and 14-20 is/are pending in t 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,2,4-12 and 14-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		
Applicat	ion Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The specification is objected to be specification to the specification is objected to be specification to the specification is objected to be specification.	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority i	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)□ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
2) Notice 3) Infor	et(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte	

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Response to Amendment

This Office Action is in response to a communication made on June 30, 2008.

Claims 3 and 13 have been cancelled.

Claims 1, 7, 9, 11, 17, and 19 have been amended.

Claims 1-2, 4-12, and 14-20 are pending in this application.

Examiner's Note

The Examiner would like to note that the present application has been reassigned to a new Examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claim 19 recites an apparatus comprising means for performing function steps. It is clear from the specification and claim 11, that those steps in at least one embodiment are performed by software. This shows that there is at least one embodiment of the claim that is directed towards software only, which is non-statutory subject matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2, 4, 6-12, and 14-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Li (6519594) in view of Spotswood (2004/0255293).

Regarding claims 1, 11, and 19, Li teaches a method of generating a logically merged web module for a web application, comprising:

determining if the application includes a reference to at least one shared module, that is capable of being incorporated into a plurality of applications (Col. 8, lines 10 – 21), in a shared module designation file, wherein the shared description file includes all descriptors that reference the shared module (Col. 9, lines 16 – 32);

specifying a path to a location of the at least one shared module (Col. 9, lines 16-32); and

logically merging the at least one shared module with modules of the web application, in accordance with the shared module designation file to generate a logically merged web application (Col. 10, lines 26 – 49).

Li does not explicitly indicate that the applications and modules comprise web applications and its modules.

Spotswood teaches that web applications can be run using java virtual machine on a web server (¶56-62).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Spotswood's teaching of web applications and their use of web modules and java classes to expand Li's teaching of shared java classes to include web applications running in java virtual machine.

Regarding claims 2, 12, and 20, Li teaches the method of claims 1, 11, and 19, further comprising: loading the logically merged application into a container (Col. 9, lines 5-15).

Li does not explicitly indicate a web application running on a web container.

Spotswood teaches that web applications can be run using java virtual machine on a web server (¶56-62), where the applications are run using on a web container (¶76).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Spotswood's teaching of web applications and their use of web modules and java classes to expand Li's teaching of shared java classes to include web applications running in java virtual machine.

Regarding claim 4, Li teaches the method of claim 1.

Li does not explicitly indicate wherein the web application is an enterprise archive (EAR) and wherein the logically merged web application is a logically merged EAR.

Spotswood teaches that web applications can be run using java virtual machine on a web server (¶56-62), indicate wherein the web application is an enterprise archive (EAR) and wherein the logically merged web application is a logically merged EAR (¶49-53).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Spotswood's teaching of web applications and their use of web modules and java classes to expand Li's teaching of shared java classes to include web applications running in java virtual machine.

Regarding claims 6 and 14, Li teaches the method of claims 1 and 11, wherein logically merging the at least one shared web module with web modules of the web application includes: determining a priority associated with the at least one shared web module (Col. 9, lines 59 - 67); and resolving any conflicts between shared web modules in the at least one shared web module and conflicts between the at least one shared web module and web module and web application, if any (Col. 8, lines 10 - 21).

Regarding claims 7 and 15, Li teaches the method of claims 1 and 11, wherein the steps of determining, specifying, and logically merging are performed during an initialization process of a runtime environment for initializing the web application to be run on a server (Col. 8, lines 40 - 62).

Regarding claim 8, Li teaches the method of claim 1, wherein logically merging the at least one shared web module with the web modules of the web application includes using a service provider interface (SPI) that provides merge logic for merging different module types (Col. 8, lines 40 - 62).

Regarding claims 9 and 17, Li teaches the method of claims 2 and 12, wherein the container uses one or more application program interfaces (APIs) to identify the path to the at least one shared web module and loads the at least one shared web module when loading the logically merged web application (Col. 9, lines 5 – 9).

Regarding claims 10 and 18, Li teaches the method of claims 1 and 11, wherein logically merging the at least one shared web module with web modules of the web application includes at least one of re-linking references to the at least one shared web module in the web modules of the web application, extrapolating policy information for the at least one shared web module from a policy file associated with the web application, and modifying a class path for the web application to include paths to each of the at least one shared web modules (Col. 9, lines 16 - 31; lines 61 - 67).

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Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Li in view of Spotswood, and further in view of Sharma (6721777).

Regarding claim 5, the combined teaching of Li and Spotswood disclose method of claim 1.

The combination does not explicitly indicate wherein the at least one shared web module includes at least one of a web archive (WAR) file, an enterprise java bean (EJB) archive file, and a resource archive (RAR) file.

Sharma teaches that in addition to the java classes that are shared between applications taught in Li, that web applications can also share resource adaptor modules (Col. 3, lines 13 – 15; lines 29-39).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include these resource adapters in Li's shared memory space to ensure that memory usage gets saved by only running one resource adapter at a time and sharing it between applications.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to KEVIN BATES whose telephone number is (571)272-3980. The examiner can normally be reached on 9 am - 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glen Burgess can be reached on (571) 272-3949. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kevin Bates/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2153